University of Houston-Downtown

Course Prefix, Number, and Title: PHYS 1307: General Physics I

Credits/Lecture/Lab Hours: 3/3/0

Foundational Component Area: Life and Physical Sciences

Prerequisites: Credit or enrollment in MATH 1302 or the equivalent and enrollment in PHYS 1107.

Co-requisites: None

Course Description: This is the first in a two-part survey of general physics for science majors focusing on elementary principles of mechanics, heat and wave motion using elementary trigonometry and algebra. Topics include kinematics, dynamics of particles and rigid bodies; conservation of mass, momentum and energy; simple harmonic motion and characteristics of waves, mechanical and thermal properties of solids and fluids; and thermal properties, kinetics and dynamics of ideal gases. Credit for both PHYS 1307 and PHYS 2401 may not be applied toward a degree.

TCCNS Number: PHYS 1301

Demonstration of Core Objectives within the Course:

| Assigned Core | Learning Outcome | Instructional strategy or content | Method by which students' | |
|-------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Objective | Students will be able | used to achieve the outcome | mastery of this outcome will | |
| | to: | | be evaluated | |
| Critical Thinking | Utilize scientific | The lecture presents theory from | Students' ability to understand | |
| | processes to identify | the perspective of the historical | phenomena is addressed | |
| Empirical & | questions pertaining | and mathematical development of | through exams which are based | |
| Quantitative | to natural | Physics. The question "Why?" is | on "word problems." These | |
| Reasoning | phenomena. | prominent in lecture. The lab | word problems are presented | |
| | | component is tied to the lecture | as real-world situations with | |
| | | material so that students can | information combining | |
| | | address the "Why?" in lab. | experimental observation and | |
| | | Topics discussed include the Laws | hypotheses. Students must | |
| | | of Motion, Energy, Solids and | understand the correct | |
| | | Fluids, Thermal Physics, Vibrations | question and apply the correct | |
| | | and Waves. | mathematical tool to answer | |
| | | | the question. | |
| | | | Students will have exams in | |
| | | | which they have to solve | |
| | | | numerous problems covering | |
| | | | all material discussed during | |
| | | | class. The exams will be graded | |
| | | | for approach to solving the | |
| | | | problem and scientific | |
| | | | accuracy. | |

| Critical Thinking | Litiliza sajantifis | Ctudents must need and | Ctudents are given leb are stire! |
|-------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Critical Thinking | Utilize scientific | Students must perform | Students are given lab practical |
| F | processes to develop | experiments in lab, make | exams where they must |
| Empirical & | hypotheses, | observations, collect data, calculate | arrange equipment, perform |
| Quantitative | collect and analyze | results, and generate graphs in the | experiments, collect data, and |
| Reasoning | data using | co-requisite 1107 laboratory on | calculate results. These |
| | quantitative and | topics of: linear, projectile, and | experiments involve some |
| | qualitative measures. | circular motion, gravity, collisions, | change from what the student |
| | | Newton's laws of motion, friction, | has previously done so that the |
| | | and waves: mechanical and | student must reason to a new |
| | | acoustic. | approach and analysis to |
| | | | obtain the required results. |
| | | | Students will be assessed on |
| | | | their ability to recognize and |
| | | | correctly use the appropriate |
| | | | formula and draw correct |
| | | | conclusions. |
| Critical Thinking | Utilize scientific | Students must record procedures, | Typed laboratory reports are |
| | processes to | data, and observations in a bound | collected on a weekly basis and |
| Empirical & | effectively | notebook during lab. Then each | graded for content, style, and |
| Quantitative | communicate the | student must perform the required | correct analysis. Each student |
| Reasoning | analysis and results | analysis and generate multiple | typically generates over 50 |
| | using written, oral and | graphs to present the results in a | pages of typed text each |
| Communication | visual communication. | convincing manner. All work must | semester. Students are often |
| | | be documented in typed laboratory | approached during lab and |
| | | reports that are written according | asked to make a defense of |
| | | to publication standards. | their procedures (whether right |
| | | Once in semester each student will | or wrong) and their |
| | | be required to give oral/visual | calculations. Students are |
| | | presentation in the lab on topic | expected to understand the |
| | | covered. Presentations will be | experiments and are given |
| | | evaluated for quality of | concepts and ideas to work |
| | | communication and scientific | with instead of written |
| | | accuracy using a rubric. | procedures and recipes. |
| | | decardey using a rubrie. | Written lab reports will be |
| | | | evaluated for both scientific |
| | | | accuracy and quality of written |
| | | | communication using a rubric. |
| | | | Oral presentations will also be |
| | | | evaluated for quality of |
| | | | communication and scientific |
| | | | accuracy using a rubric. |
| | | | Written lab reports will be |
| | | | evaluated for both scientific |
| | | | |
| | | | accuracy and quality of written |
| | | | communication using a rubric. |

| Teamwork | Collaborate in the | In each lab session student teams | All students are asked to |
|----------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | evaluation of the | perform experiments together with | submit a copy of their data |
| | quality of scientific | one specified piece of equipment. | before leaving the lab. If there |
| | evidence from | Students will test equations by | is a problem with the data, |
| | multiple perspectives | comparing observed and expected | students are asked to repeat |
| | toward the goal of | values. | the experiment or re-analyze |
| | reaching a shared | | their data. Successful |
| | objective. | | completion of the experiment |
| | | | is part of the lab grade. A |
| | | | portion of the student's grade |
| | | | will be based on the group |
| | | | completion of data tables. |

Additional Course Outcomes: N/A

Course Outline:

Lecture:

- Mechanics, Motion in One Dimension
- Vectors and two-Dimensional Motion,
- The Laws of Motion,
- Energy
- Momentum and Collisions
- Rotational Motion and the Law of Gravity
- Rotational Equilibrium and Rotational Dynamics.
- Solids and Fluids
- Thermal Physics
- Energy in Thermal Processes
- Vibrations and Waves, Sound

Lab:

- Gravitational Acceleration
- Projectile Motion
- Force Table
- Atwood's Machine
- Static and Kinetic Friction
- Conservation of Mechanical Energy
- One-Dimensional Collisions
- Centripetal Acceleration
- Torque and Moment of Inertia
- Buoyancy
- Spring and Pendulum
- Standing Waves

Lecture: Grading/Course Content which Demonstrates Student Achievement of Core Objectives: Course Grade A: 90-100 B: 80-89 C: 70-79 D: 60-69 F: 0-59

| C. | | 0.7075 | 2.000 | |
|---|-------------------|--------|-------|--|
| Summary of Course Exams, Quizzes, Activities, and Final | | | | |
| | Partial Exams (3) | | 60% | |
| | Final | | 40% | |

Lab: Grading/Course Content which Demonstrates Student Achievement of Core Objectives:

Course Grade

A: 90-100

B: 80-89

C: 70-79

D: 60-69

F: 0-59

| Summary of Course Exams, Quizzes, Activities, and Final | | |
|---|---------|--|
| Lab and Related Report (7pts each/12 labs total) | 84pts | |
| One lab report will be an oral presentation | | |
| Exams (14 pts each/2 exams total) | 28 pts | |
| Total | 112 pts | |